Methodological and Logistic Strategies for a Large Multi-Center B-Amyloid PET European Project: Amyloid Imaging to Prevent Alzheimer's Disease (AMYPAD)

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Backaround

Methods

'Amyloid imaging to prevent Alzheimer's disease' (AMYPAD) is a 5-year programme within the Innovative Medicines Initiative (IMI), a joint undertaking between the European Union and the European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations (EFPIA).

- AMYPAD will study the impact of **β**-amyloid PET imaging on:
- the diagnosis and management of Alzheimer's Disease (AD).
- the natural history of β-amyloid accumulation in the pre-symptomatic stage of AD,
- the selection of individuals for secondary prevention trials.
- The AMYPAD project encompasses two studies:
- 1) The Diagnostic and Patient Management Study (DPMS) which aims at assessing the impact of *β*-amyloid PET imaging on the clinical management of individuals in the spectrum from subjective coanitive decline (SCD) towards mild cognitive impairment (MCI) and in dementia of unclear aetiology (WP3).
- 2) The Prognostic and Natural History Study (PNHS) that will be conducted to contribute to the Longitudinal Cohort Study (LCS) of the European Prevention of Alzheimer's Dementia (EPAD; http://epad.org/) to better understand the natural history of *β*-amyloid accumulation in the pre-symptomatic and prodromal stages of AD (WP4) as well as to improve disease modelling and treatment monitoring (WP5).

Both studies will include determinations of brain amyloid load at baseline and mean change over 12-24 months as measured by PET with:

- · [18F]flutemetamol (Vizamyl GE Healthcare) and
- [18F]florbetaben (NeuraCeq Piramal Imaging)

Academic partners

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To contribute to these studies, a network of ~20 European PET centres aims to conduct a total of 6000 scans.

	Baseline PET	Repeat PET (2 yr)	Total Scans
Diagnostic & Management Study (WP3)	900	300	1200
Prognostic & Natural History Study (WP4)	3200	1600	4800
Total Subjects:	4100	1900	6000

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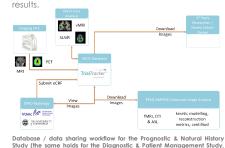


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Results

- At present, AMYPAD WP2 has:
- 1. Designed the tracer distribution strategy.
- 2. Setup the clinical imaging network,
- 3. Deployed the centralized platform for image transfer and avantification.

Outcomes in AMYPAD will be expressed in the Centiloid scale (Klunk et al. Alzheimers Dement. 2015) in order to ensure the full comparability across tracers and to enable generalization the



SMEs

SYNAPSE O

but without harmonized MRI scans)





Map: Tracer allocation and backup options for the 8 WP3/WP4 (Wave 1) participating centers



AMYPAD's work package 2 (WP2) will support these goals by:

- Developing an efficient tracer supply strategy,
- Setting-up a clinical imaging network,
- Developing image acquisition, quality control and quantification protocols,
- Deploying a centralized platform for image transfer, analysis and sharing.

Since both NeuraCeg and Vizamyl will be used in AMYPAD, standardization of *β*-amyloid load measurements will be crucial to ensure full comparability of the project outcomes

On top of this, specific sub-studies in WP2 will focus on:

- 1) Accurate determination of **β-amyloid** change rates though dynamic PET scanning
- 2) Further development of the role of PET/MR for β-amyloid imaging
- 3) Refinement of β-amyloid quantification methods by developing novel Partial Volume Correction and PET/MR Attenuation Correction methods
- 4) Identification of lifestyle and environmental factors affecting Bamyloid accumulation.

Conclusions

- AMYPAD will improve our understanding of the utility of B-amyloid PET imaging in both clinical and research contexts.
- Through WP2, AMYPAD will develop novel acavisition and avantification methodologies for β-amyloid PET imaging.
- The wealth of PET data acquired in the context of AMYPAD will be reconciled with that collected by EPAD
- As a fundamental goal of both projects, all data will be made available for the general scientific community.

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